UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/644,604	08/19/2003	Marie K. Walsh	T9105.C	5579
20450 ALAN J. HOW	7590 06/16/200 ARTH	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 1909		WEIER, ANTHONY J		
SANDY, UT 84	1 091-1909		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1794	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/16/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/644,604	WALSH ET AL.	
F., and in an	A (11 '4	
Examiner	Art Unit	

	Anthony Weier	1794	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>03 June 2009</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR A	LLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following rapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apple for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Adno event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejectio	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extruder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the siset forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply original controls.	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	te extension fee e action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exten Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with AMENDMENTS	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further con (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a content of the second co	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w); eer form for appeal by materially rec corresponding number of finally reje	E below); lucing or simplifying th	
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.124. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.125. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowed an on-allowable claim(s).	21. See attached Notice of Non-Con		,
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prove The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-6,13-26,56-61,68-81,109 and 111-119 Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	ided below or appended.	be entered and an ex	planation of
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to over showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	ll and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER		•	
 The request for reconsideration has been considered but <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 		condition for allowand	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (13. ☐ Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
	/Anthony Weier/ Primary Examiner, Art U	nit 1794	

Continuation of 3. NOTE: the amendment providing defining that it is the composition with undenatured whey protein that is extruded through a termoplastic extruder..

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: the references as applied disclose/teach the invention as claimed. Applicant argues that the because the instant invention is prepared differently than Morimoto et al a different product is produced, particularly since the instant claims call for using an undenatured whey protein prior to extrusion. Morimoto et al discloses an embodiment wherein a composition is extruded that has been prepared from a composition of undenatured protein and alcohol wherein the alcohol denatures the undenatured protein prior to extrusion. The instant claims all call for said composition to be "comprised" of ingredients which would encompass additional ingredients such as alcohol. Thus, the instant claims are broad enough to encompass producing products from different processes including at least one alternative of Morimoto et al. Moreover, although Applicant argues that the product of the instant invention would be different from that produced by Morimoto et al, no specific results or characteristics comparing the two end products appear to have been provided. Therefore, even if the instant claims were modified to make it clear that the composition going into the extruder contains 1-80% protein that has not been denatured, it has not been shown that the products whether containing protein denatured before extrusion or during extrusion would be different. It should be further noted that some of the claims (e.g. claim 109) don't even refer to the denatured status of the protein used and even more broadly encompass the invention of Morimoto et al.